Discovery of Coal in a new site. By W. Dunbar, Esq. Assistant Surgeon, 5th Irregular Cavalry.

> Camp Burree, 22 miles from Hazareebaugh,

In marching about a week ago from Dorunda to Hazareebaugh, I halted one day at Bullea, a very considerable village about fourteen miles to the south of the latter station. Having heard reports that there was coal to be found in the vicinity, I requested the Kotwal, a very intelligent and obliging man, to show me where it was, we proceeded a mile up the banks of a considerable nullah, called the Haharoo. soil appeared to be mostly alluvial, containing in some places a good deal of kanker. The greater part was cut into rice khets. On the banks of the Suncheraie, a small nullah running into the Haharoo. I first saw the coal in a bed about three feet in thickness, with a gentle dip or inclination to the west. It was splintery, very black, lying below a friable sandstone, and alluvium containing kanker. bed seemed to be of great extent, and I have no doubt that any quantity of coal can be procured at this place. I brought some specimens with me to my tent, and found that those from near the surface did not burn well; in fact it was with some difficulty I could get them to ignite at all. The others burned very well indeed, without a great deal of smoke, and leaving an inconsiderable quantity of ashes. bed seemed to have been never worked, and I had some trouble in clearing away the grass and bushes, to procure the specimens which I took with me. I have some of these still in my possession, and regret that I have no opportunity of forwarding them to you at present, for the opinion of better judges than myself.

At Bullea there are large and very extensive iron works, employing a great many persons, and yet strange to say, though most of the inhabitants are aware of the existence of this extensive coal bed, they never use it for their furnaces; but are at great expense in transporting wood and charcoal from the forest, several miles distant. I endeavored to impress upon some of the workmen how advantageous it would be, and what a saving would accrue to them, were they to use this coal; but by

their answers, they evinced their utter indifference to the subject, and their determination to adhere to the customs of their fathers. The coal bed is not above a mile distant from the works.

The village of Bullea is very prettily situated, and the view from it in every direction very picturesque. Towards the N.W. and at a distance of three or four miles, is a semicircular range of hills called the Mahoodee Pahar, very much resembling, though scarcely equalling in altitude the Salisbury Crags, at Edinburgh; that is to say, there is a steep talus (formed in a great measure to all appearance from debris, which have fallen from above) of 200 or 300 feet elevation, and then you come on a steep precipice, which it appears impossible to scale. The Haharoo Nuddee winds in beautiful meanderings along the base of this high range. Hilly ranges of considerable altitude surround the plain on which Bullea is situated, and I regretted much that I had no time to examine their formation, or even to visit the Mahoodee Pahar, which was not very far distant from my camp. In a commercial point of view, little or no importance can be attached to the discovery of coal at Bullea, at least in the present day. It is near no navigable river; no public works of any importance are in its vicinity, excepting the iron works above alluded to, and it will require more than persuasion I am afraid, to induce the natives to abandon the use of wood and charcoal, for a cheaper and more useful material. The roads passing over steep and rocky ghauts, are by no means in a good state, though it is to be expected, owing to the exertions of Major Ousely, Governor General's Agent, that they will soon be much improved.

[This paper was communicated immediately on its receipt to Government, but having been subsequently mislaid, has not appeared at an early date as it should have done.]

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